

REMNANTS OF RUSSIAN
ARMY GATHER AT PASSKUROPATKIN RESTORING A
SEMBLANCE OF ORDER.

Apprehension That Japanese Are Executing a Turning Movement—Many Parties of Stragglers Surrendering—Czar Reported to Have Made Up His Mind to Continue the War—Kuropatkin's Successor—France May Not Float Another Russian Loan.

By delay in pressing his pursuit of Russia's defeated and demoralized army to Tiel Pass, Field Marshal Oyama has afforded General Kuropatkin time to sort out the disorganized units of his command and restore his forces to at least a semblance of order. So far as known, there is no considerable force of Japanese nearer Tiel pass than six or eight miles; but in Russian quarters there is a feeling of apprehension that some turning movement, of which there is no definite information is in progress. From Japanese sources it is reported that many straggling parties of Russians, cut off from their commands in the retreat from Mukden, are surrendering upon the appearance of Japanese troops. The council of war summoned by Emperor Nicholas is reported to have decided yesterday that the war must be carried forward. The all-important question of financial means, however, is said to have reached no solution, the situation being complicated by the reported decision of French capitalists not to negotiate the loan recently offered by St. Petersburg. The probability as regarded in St. Petersburg seems to be that when General Kuropatkin has completed the task of reorganizing what is left of his army, he will be permitted to return to Russia and that the command in Manchuria will be entrusted to General Sukhomlinoff, whose war apprenticeship was served under General Dragomiroff, who has been regarded as the foremost of Russia's scientific soldiers. It is possible, however, that the command will go to Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholasievitch.

HAVE REACHED TIE PASS.

Greater Part of Retreating Russians
Now There—Japs Still Pursue.

General Kuropatkin's Headquarters in the Field, Monday, March 13, via Fusan, March 14.—The greater part of the retreating Russians are supposed to have reached Tiel Pass. The pursuing Japanese have frequent encounters with the rearward. General Kuropatkin must remove his supplies from Tiel Pass if he plans a retirement to Harbin, as they will be necessary to maintain the army during their march. The Russians have no stores between Tiel Pass and Harbin.

A BOLD WAY OUT.

Suggestion That Might Lead to Settlement
of Russian's Trouble.

St. Petersburg, March 15.—12:30 a. m.—A bold way out of the perplexities of the present situation has been suggested, namely, that Emperor Nicholas travel in state to the ancient capital of Moscow, summon the nobles and leading members of the zemstvos around him in the sacred precincts of the Kremlin, frankly lay the situation before them, publicly pledge his word for the execution of the projected reforms and make a stirring personal appeal through them to the people to loyally rally to the support of the Russian arms and co-operate in prosecuting the war to a successful termination.

Such a personal appeal from the sovereign undoubtedly would have a powerful effect throughout the country, and for the dynasty would have an advantage over the plan of submitting the question of peace or war to the zemsky sobor, which some of the newspapers are again urging.

Criticism on the conduct of the war which has been appearing in the newspapers has been aggravated by General Kuropatkin's defeat, and is now the most outspoken character. The Russians formally abandon all hope for the success of the war under the present regime, sarcastically pointing out that the administration in its desire to provide Vladivostok with coal, is supplying the Japanese fleet.

REVOLT BY FRENCH BANKERS.

Their Probable Refusal to Float Another Russian Loan.

London, March 14.—The revolt of the French bankers against the proposed Russian loan is considered by the London newspapers as the most hopeful and important news of the day, promising an early conclusion of peace between Russia and Japan. Apparently the proposed loan has not been absolutely refused, but only "postponed." This, however, is regarded here as being tantamount to a refusal, and is expected to speak louder to the Russian war party even than General Kuropatkin's reverse at Mukden. It is the general belief that by the death of M. Germain, late governor of the Credit Foncier, Russia lost her strongest financial friend in France and that had he been alive no difficulty would have been experienced. With the American and English markets closed to her, it is thought that Russia can only turn to Germany, who is not likely to be much more responsive than France, and the only alternative would seem to be to make peace.

Reports are current here that Japan will now demand an indemnity of between \$500,000,000 and \$700,000,000.

ANNUAL ATHLETIC MEET.

Yale Men Win at Madison Square
Garden.

New York, March 14.—The annual athletic meet of the New York Athletic club was held at Madison Square Garden to-night, the feature being intercollegiate relay races. Yale won the two mile relay race from Cornell. In the first relay Rogers of Cornell beat Armstrong of Yale two yards, but Pope lost thirty yards in the second relay and Yale held the race safe thereafter. In the third relay Yale increased her lead by thirty yards. The final lap found Munson of Cornell and Parsons of Yale, the intercollegiate champion, opposed. The up-state man made a gallant effort, but was able to reduce Yale's lead but a trifle, the latter winning by sixty yards. Time, 8:05 1-3.

There were only two colleges entered in the one mile local intercollegiate relay race. New York university won. In the sixty yard handicap inches separated the several men who started in the final heat. It was won by J. J. Dunham of the Xavier Athletic Club, with L. R. Robinson of Yale second.

Yale and Columbia met in the one mile relay race and it turned out to be an easy victory for the New Haven men by twenty yards.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS, U. S.

Annual Assembly in Meriden—Election
of Officers.

Meriden, March 14.—The Connecticut brigade, Uniformed Knights of Pythias, held its annual assembly this afternoon in G. A. R. hall. All the officers of the twenty companies in the state attended.

Joseph S. Stokes of Meriden was re-elected brigadier general. At the meeting of the second regiment new officers were elected or advanced according to the resignation of Charles A. Dearth of Bristol as follows: Lieutenant Colonel, William H. Fogart, of East Berlin; major, William H. Leavens of Hartford.

The next field day will be held in New Haven, the date being left to the brigadier general. The membership is now 694.

LYNCHING IN TEXAS.

Negro Shot to Death by Mob in His
Cell.

Long View, Texas, March 14.—Julius Stevens, a negro imprisoned in the jail here, charged with assault upon Carl Anderson, at a sawmill near this place, was shot to death to-day in his cell by a mob. The mob entered the jail and forced the jailer to deliver the keys. The invaders called the negro to the front of his cell, telling him their intention. The negro asked and received permission to write to his mother, returning to the cell door where he fell with a pistol bullet in his heart. Everything is quiet here to-night. The negro is supposed to be from Birmingham, Ala. Anderson who it is asserted, was struck from behind by the negro, is in a critical condition.

\$100,000 FROM ROCKEFELLER.

Gift to American Board by the Oil
King.

Boston, March 14.—The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions to-day announced a gift of \$100,000 from John D. Rockefeller, with which to provide in part for some objects outside of the regular appropriations of the board, but yet integral parts of its work. With a single exception these objects are connected with various educational institutions in Japan, India, Ceylon, Turkey and Bulgaria. The new fund is now available to meet the expenses of the general work of the board or its appropriations for the present year.

Pasumali college in Madura, Southern India, will receive \$35,000 of Mr. Rockefeller's gift.

CANNON EX-COMMUNICATED.

High Council of Mormon Church Acts
in Ex-Senator's Case.

Salt Lake City, Utah, March 14.—The controversy of former United States Senator Frank J. Cannon, editor of the Salt Lake Tribune, with the authorities of the Mormon church, an incident of which was the withdrawal of fellowship from Mr. Cannon by the bishops' court at Ogden, resulted to-day in a formal order from the high council of the Weber stake at Zion, in Utah, sitting in Ogden, excommunicating Mr. Cannon from the church. The action was based on editorials written by Editor Cannon, assailing the policy of the highest authority of the church.

COULD NOT REOPEN SCHOOLS.

Warsaw Authorities Fail—Pupils Leave
Class Rooms.

Warsaw, March 14.—11:30 p. m.—The authorities to-day were unsuccessful in an attempt to reopen the commercial and technical schools. The pupils assembled in the class rooms at the regular hour, where they remained a few minutes and then simultaneously marched out. The educational situation is causing much concern. In consequence of the peasant agitation, the censor to-day issued an order prohibiting the press from referring to agrarian questions.

Italian King Honors Prof. Norton.

Cambridge, Mass., March 14.—King Victor Emmanuel III., of Italy, has conferred upon Professor Charles Eliot Norton of Harvard university, the decoration of grand officer of the order of the crown, in recognition of his services of translating Dante's works into English, and also for his services to Italian literature in America.

REV. J. F. CORDOVA GUILTY
OF ABANDONING WIFEVERDICT OF JURY AFTER SIX
HOURS' DELIBERATION.

Accused Minister Greatly Shaken—Will Probably be Sentenced Saturday—Extreme Penalty One Year—Second Indictment Quickly Taken Up—Will Now be Tried for Assault and Battery on Mrs. Cordova—The Jury Chosen in Short Order.

New Brunswick, N. J., March 14.—After six hours' deliberation the jury which tried J. F. Cordova, the former South River, N. J., minister, who eloped with Julia Bowne, one of his choir singers, on a charge of abandoning his wife, came into court to-night with a verdict of "guilty as indicted."

Cordova appeared to be greatly shaken by the verdict. He probably will be sentenced on Saturday. The extreme penalty is imprisonment for one year. As soon as the case was given to the jury this afternoon the second indictment against the ex-minister was called. It accuses him of assault and battery upon his wife. She and her four-year-old daughter will be the principal witnesses. A jury was selected and the taking of testimony will begin to-morrow morning.

When the trial was resumed to-day Cordova, who was on the stand when court adjourned yesterday, resumed his testimony. He was subjected to a severe cross-examination by Prosecutor Berdine, who tried to bring out that Cordova in his trips to Philadelphia, Camden, Canada, Mexico and other places was accompanied by Julia Bowne. The efforts to make the former pastor admit that Miss Bowne was his companion on these journeys were thwarted by the defendant, however, as he declined to answer to this line of questioning on the ground that he might incriminate himself. He appealed to Judge Strong, who said that he need not answer questions that might incriminate him.

Mr. Cook, counsel for Cordova, then took the witness in hand and elicited a statement that Cordova had been in the habit of giving his wife all his salary, with the exception of \$10 a month. The prosecutor objected to the introduction of letters received by Cordova from his wife while he was in Mexico, and was sustained by Judge Strong, who said: "Even if these letters declared that it was not necessary for the defendant to stint himself and to cease remitting funds home, I would charge the jury not to allow such a fact to quash the indictment, for this is an action brought by the state of New Jersey against the defendant, and does not concern merely Mr. and Mrs. Cordova alone. Forgiveness by Mrs. Cordova does not imply forgiveness by the state of New Jersey."

After Cordova had testified that he directed his wife to sell \$700 worth of property and apply the proceeds to her personal needs the defense rested.

In summing up Prosecutor Berdine scored the former minister unmercifully, and once Cordova leaped from his seat in fury, shaking his head again when the spectators howled at him and shouted, "Sit down." The close of the prosecutor's address was hailed with cheering, which the court officers could not suppress.

Judge Strong's charge was brief, and he emphasized the point that the prisoner could not be excused because he had sent money to his wife. As soon as the jury had retired Prosecutor Berdine called for the opening of Cordova's trial on a second indictment, charging assault on his wife. Counsel for the prisoner asked that it be put over until to-morrow, but Judge Strong refused.

The new jury was quickly chosen and after the prosecutor had made a short address an adjournment was taken until 10:30 to-morrow morning. Mrs. Cordova will be the first witness called by the prosecution.

CAST FIRST NEGRO VOTE.

David Strother Dies at El Paso, Ill.—
Many Years a Resident.

Bloomington, Ill., March 14.—David Strother, the negro who cast the first vote cast by a member of his race in the United States, is dead at El Paso, Ill. His funeral was held this afternoon. Woodford county turned out en masse to pay a final mark of respect to Strother, who had been a resident of El Paso for forty-one years.

WRACK ON CONSOLIDATED.

Four Cars of Westbound Freight Piled
Up.

New York, March 14.—Four cars of a westbound freight train on the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, were wrecked by the breaking of an axle at the Pelham Manor station this afternoon. The suburban branch was blocked for two hours.

Bishop of Vermont Passes Critical Day.

Burlington, Vt., March 14.—Bishop Arthur C. A. Hall, who was operated upon for appendicitis last Saturday, passed successfully to-day through the third, and what is generally considered to be the critical day, and is now believed to be on the road to recovery.

Locomotives for Japan.

Schenectady, N. Y., March 14.—Twelve locomotives were shipped to Japan this evening from the local plant of the American Locomotive company, consigned to Mitsui & Co., of Tokyo. They were shipped in parts and will be assembled by Japanese workmen.

MRS. STANFORD NOT POISONED.

President Jordan, of Stanford University,
Holds This Opinion.

Honolulu, March 14.—President David Starr Jordan, of Stanford university, has emphatically expressed the opinion that Mrs. Stanford's death was not due to strychnine poisoning. He says that when he became familiar with her symptoms he reached that conclusion. He is a doctor of medicine and says that since he has learned that the amount of strychnine taken by Mrs. Stanford was not beyond a medical dose he is more sure than ever that she was not poisoned. Dr. Jordan has been assisting the detectives, to the extent of suggesting questions as a physician, during their inquiries regarding her symptoms and the results of the autopsy.

The territorial senate to-day decided to adjourn at 2 o'clock to-morrow, and the senators will attend the funeral of Mrs. Stanford in a body. The house did not vote to adjourn.

HIS ESTATE A TRUST.

St. Louis Multi-Millionaire Adopts
Unique Method.

St. Louis, March 14.—H. Clay Pierce, reputed to be a multi-millionaire, has organized his estate into a trust, the first corporation of the kind in Missouri and possibly in the country. The trust is capitalized for \$5,000,000. Mr. Pierce holds all of the 50,000 shares of stock except four. One share each is held by Clay Arthur Pierce, son; Eben Richards, son-in-law; Stephen Johnson, brother-in-law, and John D. Johnson, personal attorney of Mr. Pierce.

STORY OF GREAT BATTLE

GENERAL VIEW FROM A RUSSIAN
SOURCE.Kuropatkin Completely Deceived by the
Demonstration Against His Left—
Ready to Take Offensive on His
Right When Suddenly He Withdraws—
Almost Two Army Corps to Defend
His Left Which He Thought Threatened by Negi.

Tiel Pass, March 14.—As after the battle of Liaoyang, the advance of the Japanese army against the new positions of the Russians at Tiel Pass is very slow. The leading columns are eight or ten miles southward and in touch with the Russian van posts, but the operations at present are not serious. Field Marshal Oyama shows slight intention of pressing his advantage in an immediate attack on Tiel Pass. It is possible, however, that a wide turning movement, of which reports are current, is in progress. In such operations the Japanese have the immense advantage of several bases and lines of supply, to which is now added the Siumin-tu road, while the Russian army necessarily is dependent on one base and one line of communications, and therefore may be easily outflanked.

In the grand army order is being brought out of chaos with remarkable clarity. The plan in front of Tiel Pass, which on March 11 seemed like a nest of ants with the dense and confused mass of transports, artillery and troops, corps, divisions and regiments being scattered and parties inextricably mingled, has been cleared, the regiments reorganized, stragglers sent to their respective commands, organizations taking their assigned positions, and to-day the same soldiers who on March 10 became a terror-stricken, surging, disorganized mass of gray at a few shots from a little detachment of Japanese, or who even fled in panic, firing indiscriminately in all directions, as they ran, at the mere baseless cry of "Japanese cavalry," are now gathered singing about the camp fires with stubborn resistance an attack on Tiel Pass.

It is unfair to accuse the entire army of this plan. General Linvitch entered Tiel Pass with his regiments in perfect order, with music playing and the men singing, and scarcely a straggler was lost in the long, difficult march. Other organizations made equally praiseworthy retreats, and especially the rearwards of all the armies, who performed their difficult task steadily and resolutely. There is much to be said also in excuse for the panic.

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

WILL NOT ACCEPT GIFT.

Former Postmaster General Wynne Re-
fuses Solid Silver Punch Bowl.

Washington, March 14.—Former Postmaster General Wynne has declined the gift of a solid silver punch bowl tendered him by former subordinates in the postoffice department. The bowl had been purchased before Mr. Wynne learned of the movement, but when informed of it he promptly announced his determination not to accept because of his conviction that it would be a violation of law prohibiting government employees from making gifts to their superiors. The presentation was to have been made to-morrow.

Woodmen of the World.

Waco, Texas, March 14.—The head camp biennial meeting of the Woodmen of the World convened to-day. The most important matter before the meeting is the proposed establishment of a great sanitarium at a cost of \$100,000. The report of the sanitarium committee proposed a plan for disposing of the "fraternity" building at the St. Louis world's fair by removing it to New Mexico and using it for a joint fraternal sanitarium.

Peace Must Come With Loan.

London, March 15.—The Daily Mail declares that the French government has given Parisian banking houses clearly to understand that they must not conclude the proposed Russian loan unless Russia is prepared to negotiate for peace.

Peasant Movement Spreading.

Baltimore, March 15.—The peasant movement is spreading to the northwest provinces. Serious disturbances are reported in the provinces of Vilna and Kovno, where the estates and property of government officials and others have been sacked and burned, necessitating the employment of the military to suppress the revolt.

Captured Foreign Attachés.

Tokio, March 15.—The American attaché, Captain J. V. Judson, and Colonel V. Harvard, and a British attaché, Captain C. J. Ailes, who were with the Russian army and who were captured at the battle of Mukden, left Liaoyang for Japan to-day.

HILL ARGUES APPEAL
FOR LAWYER PATRICKLEGISLATORS COULD NOT GET
INTO COURT.

Turned Away on Account of Lack of Room—On Advice of Counsel the Accused Foregoes His Original Intention of Addressing the Court Personally—Takes Notes During the Argument in His Behalf.

Albany, March 14.—While senators, assemblymen and state officers were being turned away from the door on account of lack of room inside, Albert T. Patrick sat before the robed judges of the court of appeals this afternoon and heard ex-Senator David B. Hill argue his appeal from the judgment convicting him of the murder of William M. Rice, the New York millionaire. The unusual event of a condemned murderer attending the argument of his own case before the highest state court brought crowds of people to the capital, but only a small proportion of them were successful in getting a sight of the prisoner. Patrick's original intention was to address the court, but upon the advice of his counsel he remained silent, contenting himself with listening to the argument and making notes which he used afterward in advising with Mr. Hill regarding the rebuttal, which will probably occur to-morrow.

Patrick's case was not reached until late in the afternoon. He was defended by ex-Senator Hill and Samuel Bell Thomas, of New York. Assistant District Attorney Howard Garis was assisted in the prosecution by former Supreme Court Justice Judson S. London.

Mr. Hill argued that the judgment of conviction should be reversed and a new trial granted—first, upon the ground that no murder had been committed, and that Rice had died, as the attending physician testified, from old age and a weak heart as a remote cause, with indigestion and diarrhoea, with mental worry, as the immediate cause. He declared that the congested condition of the lungs might easily have been caused by the embalming fluid, and not by chloroform, as the prosecution alleged. He pointed out that the conviction of Patrick rested solely upon the evidence of Violet Jones, a confessed murderer, whose testimony, for that reason alone, should have been disregarded. In this connection he attacked the district attorney's office for letting Jones go free without punishment of any kind, and alleged that Jones' present immunity from punishment was due to a bargain between him and the prosecuting attorneys.

Mr. Hill declared that the evidence regarding the condition of Rice's lungs before the body was embalmed rested solely upon the testimony of two corner's physicians, who were not the "disinterested public officials" they were represented to be by the district attorney. As proof of this he said that it had been discovered since the trial that these witnesses had been privately retained by the prosecution and paid several thousand dollars for their services in making experiments in the effect of chloroform upon the human lungs.

The prosecution will be heard to-morrow and it is expected that the case will occupy the attention of the court for at least two days.

RESTORED TO LIFE.

Infusion of Salt Solution Has Miraculous Effect.

St. Louis, March 14.—After having been pronounced dead by two physicians and a nurse, Mrs. Charles A. Sweet, wife of a provision merchant, has been restored by the infusion of a salt solution into her veins and is now believed to be recovering her health. Five weeks ago Mrs. Sweet, suffering from gastritis, went to Hot Springs, Ark., in the hope of recovery. On the night of February 13 she seemed to be dying and eventually her heart ceased beating and respiration stopped. She was pronounced dead. A third physician, however, decided to try a salt solution infusion, and there followed signs of animation. The operation was continued and Mrs. Sweet revived.

NEW YORK PISTOL ORDINANCE

A Retrial and Sentence of Month for
First Offender.

New York, March 14.—That the new pistol ordinance recently passed by the board of aldermen and giving the courts the power to send persons to jail for carrying such weapons is effective was demonstrated in the court of special sessions to-day, when Michael Vigliano, its first victim, was re-tried and convicted and sent to the penitentiary for one month. He had already been sentenced by one court and released by another on the ground that the new ordinance conflicted with the city charter.

Operation on Mrs. Shaw.

Baltimore, March 14.—Mrs. Shaw, the wife of Secretary of the Treasury Leslie M. Shaw, was operated on to-day for a serious ailment at Dr. Howard Kelly's private sanitarium. The operation was performed by Dr. Kelly and was reported to be successful. Secretary Shaw was present in the sanitarium during the operation.

Captured Foreign Attachés.

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COMPELS MUTUAL PLAN.

Law Affecting Insurance Companies
Passed in Wisconsin.

Madison, Wis., March 14.—A bill to compel every life insurance company doing business in Wisconsin to adopt the mutual plan passed the assembly to-day and will now go to the senate. The bill will apply to companies doing business in the state as well as Wisconsin companies. The bill says: "It shall be the duty of every officer of the life insurance companies organized with a capital stock, when such a company shall have secured \$20,000,000 insurance in force, to set aside annually not less than ten per cent. of the surplus earnings of the year and apply the same to redeem the capital stock of the company at its par value; every such company shall, when all the stock has been so redeemed, transact its business on the mutual plan; for failure to comply with the provisions of this section a commissioner of insurance shall refuse license to transact business in this state."

The bill will in no way affect existing policies, but all new business must be done according to the mutual plan.

EQUITABLE'S TROUBLES.

Policy Holders to be Given Right to
Elect Majority of Directors.

New York, March 14.—The special committee of the board of directors of the Equitable Life Assurance society, consisting of James W. Alexander, Cornelius N. Bliss, T. DeWitt Cuyler, Chauncey M. Depeew, James H. Hyde, Valentine P. Snyder and Gage E. Tarbell, unanimously resolved, at a meeting held to-day, to recommend to the board of directors that the charter of the society be at once amended so as to confer upon the policyholders the right to elect a majority of the board of directors, namely, twenty-eight out of fifty-two.

A meeting of the board of directors has been called for next Tuesday, when the company will submit to the board the amended charter as prepared by counsel.

MORE CONSCIENCE MONEY.

Letter Containing \$12,000 Sent by "A
Sinner."

Washington, March 14.—Secretary Shaw to-day received the following communication: "Dear Sir—I am sending you here-with enclosed \$12,000, which is to go to the use of the United States government. Years ago I defrauded the government of money, but have returned it all and am now paying fourfold in accordance with the teachings of Scripture. The way of transgressors is hard, and no one but God knows how I have suffered the consequences and I would seek to do a bountiful restoration. May God pardon, while the United States government is benefited."

The amount, which was in currency, has been deposited in the treasury to the credit of the conscience fund.

ROOSEVELT ACCEPTS.

Now an Honorary Member of the New
York Press Club.

New York, March 14.—President Roosevelt is now a member of the New York Press club. At a meeting of the club a week ago Mr. Roosevelt was elected an honorary member, and in reply to a notification of the action of the club by Secretary Walter Scott the following letter was received to-day: "My dear Mr. Scott—I appreciate the compliment paid me by my election to honorary membership in your club, and accept with pleasure."

"I very much enjoyed meeting with you all last month."

(Signed) "Theodore Roosevelt."

PURITY OF THE HOME.

Senator Dubois Addresses the Congress
of Mothers.

Washington, March 14.—Senator Fred. T. Dubois of Idaho talked to the Mothers' congress to-night on "The Purity of the Home." His speech was chiefly an historical review of Mormonism in the United States and a severe arraignment of the doctrines and policies of the Mormon organization. He declared with emphasis that there should be no toleration of the present teachings and practices of the Mormon hierarchy.

PROF. BROWN GETS \$1,000.

Yale Man Awarded Damages Against a
New York Company.

New York, March 14.—Professor Robert Brown, secretary of the Yale university observatory, to-day received an award of \$1,000 damages against the Forty-second street railway company, in a suit brought in the United States circuit court to recover \$10,000 damages for injuries sustained by being crushed between two cars, in February, 1902.

First Appearance of Harvard Crew.

Cambridge, Mass., March 14.—The Harvard varsity crew made its first appearance this year on the Charles river, several days ahead of the usual time. The crew was in charge of Coach Wray and Captain Filley.

Shipping News.

Antwerp, March 14.—Arrived: Steamer Kronland, New York via Dover. Queenstown, March 14.—Sailed: Steamer Lucania, New York. Christiania, March 10.—Sailed: Steamer Heilig Olav, New York. Genoa, March 10.—Sailed: Steamer Sardegna, New York. Boulogne, March 11.—Sailed: Steamer Statendam, New York. Trieste, March 10.—Arrived: Steamer Pannonia, New York via Naples. Naples, March 9.—Arrived: Steamer Roma, New York. Marseilles, March 11.—Arrived: Steamer Gallia, New York. Cherbourg, March 13.—Arrived: Steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, New York via Plymouth for Bremen. Naples, March 9.—Sailed: Steamer Patria, New York. New York, March 14.—Sailed: Steamer Brandenburg, Bremen.

COMMITTEE TO CONSIDER
WAITING ROOM PLANSIN CONJUNCTION WITH BENNETT
MEMORIAL FOUNTAIN.

Special Joint Committee Confers—Also Listens to Several Citizens—Proposal to Erect Covering Over Sidewalk at Southeast Corner of Green Has Several Sponsors—John McCarthy Says Railroad Company is Making the City.

The postponed joint meeting of the aldermanic committee, the park commissioners and the director of public works, called to consider the erecting of some kind of a covering for street car patrons at the corner of Church and Chapel streets in conjunction with the Bennett memorial fountain, was held in the mayor's office in city hall last evening. The three members of the aldermanic committee, Messrs. Townsend, Weiss and Langley, Mayor Studley, President Blake of the park board and Director of Public Works Coe were all present. In addition there were a number of citizens present who stated that they understood that the meeting was to be a public one.

Among the citizens present were Judge Joseph Sheldon, William S. Pardee, William J. O'Brien, Harry Donovan, Frederick Orr and John McCarthy. It was voted to allow any one present to speak. Mr. Pardee was the first speaker. He said that he was opposed to the erection of any waiting room on the Green proper, but thought it would be a splendid plan if some sort of a canopy was erected over the sidewalk for about 100 feet at the southeast corner of the Green, both along the Chapel street and the Church street sides. This would act as a covering for the people during inclement weather.

Francis Orr was the next speaker. He thought that the trolley company ought to provide a waiting room in some nearby building. He also was opposed to the erection of anything other than the fountain on the Green.

William O'Brien took a similar view to Mr. Orr's, but carried it further by saying that he believed that Trinity church and the North church were, in a way, trespassers on the Green. He considered that the Center church had a right there, however.

Henry Donovan favored the plan which has been suggested by John McCarthy, only he objected to even a corner of the Green being used for the purpose. He thought that the sidewalk cover was, however, a good thing. Judge Sheldon said that there was no question but that the public needed some sort of covering in stormy weather, and thought that the joint committee ought to get together on some sort of a scheme which would be satisfactory to the majority of the public of the city.

It was voted that last night's meeting be an informal one. Although Mayor Studley said he much preferred the committee to act without him last evening, he was elected chairman and graciously accepted.

President Blake of the park board was the next speaker, and he said that he thought that someone ought to appear before the legislature in behalf of the joint committee and represent the city in reference to the bill concerning the Green which is now before it. He suggested that a committee from the joint committee be selected for this purpose. It was decided, however, after matters had been talked over to let this matter rest until the park committee and the proprietors of the Green had been consulted. Mr. Blake thought (Continued on Eighth Page.)

CHARGES FILED WITH COMPTON

Men Who Engineered Subway Strike
Said to Have Got "Rake Off."

Washington, March 14.—Changes have been filed with Samuel P. Gomper, president of the American Federation of Labor, which are said to reflect on the subway and elevated railroad strike in New York. Mr. Gomper said the charges would be investigated. It is said that the charges contain allegations that the strike was engineered for the sole purpose of being broken. The officials of the union, it is declared, received or expected to receive a large reward for bringing about the strike.

The suggestion is made that Mr. Gomper may visit New York in quest of evidence bearing on the charges, although as the union is no longer affiliated with the Federation of Labor, the value of any conclusion he may reach is questionable.

First Appearance of Harvard Crew.

Cambridge